

Total time: 10 minutes.

Problem 1 (6 points). Let C be the part of the curve $y = x^3$ between $x = 0$ and $x = 1$, traveling from left to right. Calculate the following vector line integral:

$$\int_C \langle xy, y \rangle \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$

This curve is a graph, parametrized by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, t^3 \rangle, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 1, 3t^2 \rangle$$

$$\int_C \langle xy, y \rangle \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_0^1 \langle t \cdot t^3, t^3 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 3t^2 \rangle dt = \int_0^1 (t^4 + 3t^5) dt = \left(\frac{1}{5}t^5 + \frac{1}{2}t^6 \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{7}{10}$$

Problem 2 (4 points). Show that the following vector field is not conservative:

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle x^2 + yz, xz - 2yz, x^2y + x^3z^2 \rangle$$

Denote the components of \mathbf{F} as P, Q, R . Use cross derivative test:

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = z, \quad \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = z$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial z} = y, \quad \frac{\partial R}{\partial x} = 2xy + 3x^2z^2$$

Since $\frac{\partial P}{\partial z} \neq \frac{\partial R}{\partial x}$, we see that \mathbf{F} is not conservative.